Number and place value:

- · read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
 - read and write numbers up to 100 000 and determine the value of each digit A1
 - read and write numbers up to 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit A2
 - read and write numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit A3
 - order and compare numbers to 100 000 A1
 - order and compare numbers to 1 000 000 A2
 - order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 A3
- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
 - round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy A1/A2/A3/C1/C2/C3
- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
 - > find the difference between two negative numbers A1/B1
 - calculate intervals across zero A2/B2
 - use negative numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero A3/B3
 - use the number line to add and subtract positive and negative integers for measures such as temperature E3
- solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above
 - > solve number and practical problems A1/A2/A3

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division:

- multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication.
 - > multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication C1
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
 - > divide numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding as appropriate for the context C2/3
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context
 - divide numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context C1
- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
 - perform mental calculations including with mixed operations A1
 - > perform mental calculations including with mixed operations and increasingly large numbers A2
 - > perform mental calculations including with mixed operations and large numbers A3
- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
 - identify common factors of two numbers and know what a prime number is A1
 - > identify common multiples of two numbers and know some prime numbers A2
 - > identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers A3
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
 - understand the purpose of brackets in a number sentence A1
 - > use brackets in a number sentence for addition and subtraction A2
 - \triangleright use my knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations (e.g. $2 + 1 \times 3 = 5$ and $(2 + 1) \times 3 = 9$ A3
- · solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
 - > solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why C1/C2/C3
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
 - solve mental problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division A1/A2/A3
 - > solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division C1/C2/C3
- · use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy
 - > use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy C1/C2/C3
 - use rounding and estimating to support my calculations D1/D3
 - > estimate to check if my answers are sensible E1/E2/E3

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- · use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
 - > use common factors to simplify fractions D1/D3
 - > use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination D2/D3
- compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1
 - compare and order fractions up to one A1/D1
 - compare and order fractions, including fractions greater than 1 A2/A3/D2/D3
- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
 - > use a variety of images, diagrams and drawings to represent calculations with fractions D1/D2/D3
 - > add and subtract two fractions with different denominators using the concept of equivalent fractions D1
 - > add and subtract *up to three* fractions with different denominators using the concept of equivalent fractions D2
 - > add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions D3
- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$]
 - > use a variety of images, diagrams and drawing to represent calculations with fractions 101/D2/D3

- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$) D1/D3
- divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$]
 - \triangleright use a variety of images, diagrams and drawing to represent calculations with fractions (e.g. $\frac{1}{2} \div 2 = \frac{1}{2}$) D2/D3
 - \rightarrow divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$) D2/D3
- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, $\frac{3}{8}$]
 - ssociate a fraction with division & calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. $\frac{3}{6}$) D3
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places
 - identify the value of each digit to three decimal places & multiply & divide numbers by 10, 100 and 100 giving the answers up to three decimal places A1
 - use decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate E1
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
 - > multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers C2
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
 - > use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places C3
- solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy
 - > solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy D1/D2/D3
- recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts
 - > quickly name sets of equivalent fractions D2/D3
 - > recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts D1/D2/D3
 - > work backwards from a problem (e.g. if ¼ of a length is 36cm, then the whole length is 36 x 4 = 144cm D3

Ratio and proportion

- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
 - > solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication & division facts D1
- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison
 - \succ solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g. of measures) such as 15% of 360 D1
 - solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g. of measures) such as 15% of 360 and the use of percentages for comparison D2
 - > solve problems involving the calculation of *increasingly complex* percentages (e.g. of measures) such as 15% of 360 and the use of percentages for comparison D3
- solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
 - > solve problems involving recipes and similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found D2
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples
 - > solve problems involving unequal grouping and sharing using knowledge of fractions and multiples using the notation a:b and the language 'for every...'. D3

Algebra

- use simple formulae
 - ➤ use simple formulae C1/C2/C3
- generate and describe linear number sequences
 - generate simple linear number sequences C1/C2
 - > generate and describe linear number sequences C3
- express missing number problems algebraically
 - > understand that symbols represent unknowns in number sentences (e.g. * + 3 = 6) A1
 - > use symbols and letters to solve missing number problems A2
 - > express missing number problems algebraically A3
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
 - > find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns C2
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables
 - > enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables C3

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate
 - solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure E1
 - > solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate E2/E3
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of
 measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places
 - > use, read and write standard units E1/E2/E3
 - > convert between standard units converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa E1
 - > convert between standard units converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation up to three decimal places E2
- convert between miles and kilometres

- convert between miles and kilometres E3
- > understand and use some compound measures for speed such as miles per hour E3
- > solve problems involving the connection between conversion from miles to kilometres in measurement and to its graphical representation E3
- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
 - recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa E1
- recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
 - recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area of shapes E1
 - > recognise when it is possible to use formulae for volume of shapes E2
- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
 - > calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles E1
- calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units [for example, mm³ and km³]
 - > calculate, estimate and compare volumes of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units [for example, mm³ and km³]E2

Properties of shape

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
 - > draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles B1
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
 - > recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets, drawing the nets accurately using measuring tools B2
- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
 - > compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes B1/B2/B3
 - find unknown angles in any triangles and quadrilaterals B1
 - find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons B2/B3
 - express relationships between angles and shapes algebraically e.g. a = 180 (b + c) B1/B2
 - > express relationships between angles and shapes algebraically e.g. d = 2 x r B3
 - describe the properties of shapes and explain how unknown angles and lengths can be derived from known measurements R4/R2/R3
- · illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
 - > illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference B3
 - know that the diameter of a circle is twice the radius B3
- · recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles
 - > recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line and find missing angles B1/B2
 - > recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles B3

Position and direction

- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
 - describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) B1
 - > draw and label a pair of axes in all four quadrants with equal scaling B1
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes
 - draw and label rectangles (including squares), parallelograms and rhombuses, specified by coordinates in all four quadrants, predicting missing coordinates using the properties of shapes B1/B2/B3
 - > draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes B2
 - > translate shapes using algebraic notation e.g. translating vertex (a, b) to (a-2, b+3); (a, b) and (a+d, b+d) being opposite vertices of a square) B3

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
 - draw graphs relating two variables, arising from my own enquiry and in other subjects E1
 - > construct line graphs and use them to solve problems E1
 - > interpret line graphs and use them to solve problems E1
 - > use angles, fractions and percentages to help me interpret pie charts E2
 - construct pie charts and line graphs and use them to solve problems E2
 - > interpret pie charts and line graphs and use them to solve problems E2
- calculate and interpret the mean as an average
 - calculate the mean as an average E3
 - > interpret the mean as an average E3
 - know when it is appropriate to find the mean of a set of data E3