Number and place value:

- read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit
$>$ read and write numbers up to 100000 and determine the value of each digit A1
$>$ read and write numbers up to 1000000 and determine the value of each digit A2
$>$ read and write numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit A3
$>$ order and compare numbers to 100000 A 1
$>$ order and compare numbers to 1000000 A2
> order and compare numbers up to 10000000 A3
- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
$\rightarrow$ round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy A1/A2/A3/C1/C2/C3
- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
$>$ find the difference between two negative numbers A1/B1
$>$ calculate intervals across zero A2/B2
$>$ use negative numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero A3/B3
$>$ use the number line to add and subtract positive and negative integers for measures such as temperature E3
- solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above
$>$ solve number and practical problems A1/A2/A3

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division:

- multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication
$>$ multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication C1
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
$>$ divide numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding as appropriate for the context $\mathrm{C} 2 / 3$
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context
$>$ divide numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context C1
- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
$>$ perform mental calculations including with mixed operations A1
$>$ perform mental calculations including with mixed operations and increasingly large numbers A2
$>$ perform mental calculations including with mixed operations and large numbers A3
- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
$>$ identify common factors of two numbers and know what a prime number is A1
$>$ identify common multiples of two numbers and know some prime numbers A2
$>$ identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers A3
- use their knowedge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
$>$ understand the purpose of brackets in a number sentence A1
> use brackets in a number sentence for addition and subtraction A2
$>$ use my knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations (e.g. $2+1 \times 3=5$ and $(2+1) \times 3=9$ A3
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
$>$ solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why C1/C2/C3
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
$>$ solve mental problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division A1/A2/A3
$>$ solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division C1/C2/C3
- use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy
$>$ use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy C1/C2/C3
> use rounding and estimating to support my calculations D1/D3
$>$ estimate to check if $m y$ answers are sensible E1/E2/E3

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
$>$ use common factors to simplify fractions D1/D3
$>$ use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination D2/D3
- compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
$>$ compare and order fractions up to one A1/D1
$>$ compare and order fractions, including fractions greater than 1 A2/A3/D2/D3
- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
$>$ use a variety of images, diagrams and drawings to represent calculations with fractions D1/D2/D3
$>$ add and subtract two fractions with different denominators using the concept of equivalent fractions D1
$>$ add and subtract up to three fractions with different denominators using the concept of equivalent fractions D2
$>$ add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions D3
- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}=\frac{1}{8}$ ]
$>$ use a variety of images, diagrams and drawing to represent calculations with fractions D1/D2/D3
$>$ multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}=\frac{1}{8}$ ) D1/D3
- divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2=\frac{1}{6}$ ]
$>$ use a variety of images, diagrams and drawing to represent calculations with fractions (e.g. $\frac{1}{3} \div 2=\frac{1}{6}$ ) D2/D3
$>$ divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $\frac{1}{3} \div 2=\frac{1}{6}$ ) D2/D3
- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, $\frac{3}{8}$ ]
$>$ associate a fraction with division \& calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. $\frac{3}{8}$ ) D3
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places
$>$ identify the value of each digit to three decimal places $\&$ multiply \& divide numbers by 10,100 and 100 giving the answers up to three decimal places A1
> use decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate E1
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
$>$ multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers C2
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
$>$ use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places C3
- solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy
$>$ solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy D1/D2/D3
- recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts
$>$ quickly name sets of equivalent fractions D2/D3
$>$ recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts D1/D2/D3
$>\quad$ work backwards from a problem (e.g. if $1 / 4$ of a length is 36 cm , then the whole length is $36 \times 4=144 \mathrm{~cm}$ D3


## Ratio and proportion

- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
$>$ solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication \& division facts D1
- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison
> solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g. of measures) such as 15\% of 360 D1
$>$ solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g. of measures) such as $15 \%$ of 360 and the use of percentages for comparison D2
$>$ solve problems involving the calculation of increasingly complex percentages (e.g. of measures) such as $15 \%$ of 360 and the use of percentages for comparison D3
- solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
$>$ solve problems involving recipes and similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found D2
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples
$>$ solve problems involving unequal grouping and sharing using knowledge of fractions and multiples using the notation a:b and the language 'for every...'. D3

Algebra

- use simple formulae
> use simple formulae C1/C2/C3
- generate and describe linear number sequences
$>$ generate simple linear number sequences C1/C2
$>$ generate and describe linear number sequences C3
- express missing number problems algebraically
$>$ understand that symbols represent unknowns in number sentences (e.g. * $+3=6$ ) A1
$>$ use symbols and letters to solve missing number problems A2
$>$ express missing number problems algebraically A3
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
$>$ find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns C2
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables
$>$ enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables C3
Measurement
- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate
$>$ solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure E1
$>$ solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate E2/E3
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places
$>$ use, read and write standard units E1/E2/E3
$>$ convert between standard units converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa E1
$>$ convert between standard units converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation up to three decimal places E2
- convert between miles and kilometres
- convert between miles and kilometres E3
> understand and use some compound measures for speed such as miles per hour E3
$>$ solve problems involving the connection between conversion from miles to kilometres in measurement and to its graphical representation E3
- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
$>$ recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa E1
- recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
$>$ recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area of shapes E1
$>$ recognise when it is possible to use formulae for volume of shapes E2
- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
$>$ calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles E1
- calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units [for example, $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ]
$>$ calculate, estimate and compare volumes of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units [for example, $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ]E2


## Properties of shape

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
$>$ draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles B1
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
$>$ recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets, drawing the nets accurately using measuring tools B2
- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
$>$ compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes B1/B2/B3
$>$ find unknown angles in any triangles and quadrilaterals B1
> find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons B2/B3
$>$ express relationships between angles and shapes algebraically e.g. $a=180-(b+c) B 1 / B 2$
$>$ express relationships between angles and shapes algebraically e.g. $d=2 \times r$ B3
$>$ describe the properties of shapes and explain how unknown angles and lengths can be derived from known measurements B1/B2/B3
- illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
$>$ illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference B3
$>$ know that the diameter of a circle is twice the radius B 3
- recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles
$>$ recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line and find missing angles B1/B2
$>$ recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles B3
Position and direction
- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
$>$ describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) B1
$>\quad$ draw and label a pair of axes in all four quadrants with equal scaling B1
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes
$>$ draw and label rectangles (including squares), parallelograms and rhombuses, specified by coordinates in all four quadrants, predicting missing coordinates using the properties of shapes B1/B2/B3
> draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes B2
$>$ translate shapes using algebraic notation e.g. translating vertex $(a, b)$ to $(a-2, b+3) ;(a, b)$ and ( $a+d, b+d$ ) being opposite vertices of a square) B3

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
$>\quad$ draw graphs relating two variables, arising from my own enquiry and in other subjects E1
$>$ construct line graphs and use them to solve problems E1
$>$ interpret line graphs and use them to solve problems E1
$>$ use angles, fractions and percentages to help me interpret pie charts E2
$>$ construct pie charts and line graphs and use them to solve problems E2
$>\quad$ interpret pie charts and line graphs and use them to solve problems E2
- calculate and interpret the mean as an average
> calculate the mean as an average E3
$>$ interpret the mean as an average E3
know when it is appropriate to find the mean of a set of data E3

