Number and place value:

- count from 0 in multiples of $4,8,50$ and 100 ; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number:
$>$ count from zero in multiples of 3,50 and $100 \mathrm{~A} 1 / \mathrm{C} 1$
$>$ count from zero in multiples of 4, 50 and $100 \mathrm{~A} 2 / \mathrm{C} 2$
$>$ count from zero in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 A3/C3
$>$ finding 10 or 100 more or less than a given number A3/C3
- recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)
> say, read and write numbers up to 1000 and begin to partition. (e.g. 46=40 and 6, but also $46=30+16$ ) $A 2$
$>$ recognise the place value of each digit in a three digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) A3
$>$ partition numbers to support me with columnar addition and subtraction C2/C3
- compare and order numbers up to 1000
> compare and order numbers up to 500 and use the language greater than, more than, fewer and equal to A1
$>$ complete number sentences using the symbols $<,>$ and $=$ using numbers up to 500 A2
$>$ compare and order numbers up to 1000 A3
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
$>$ represent and estimate where to put numbers on different scales up to 100 A1/B1/E1
$>\quad$ represent and estimate where to put numbers on different scales up to 1000. A2/B2/E2
$>$ identify, represent and estimate where to put numbers on different scales up to 1000 using different representations A3/B3/E3
- read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words:
$>\quad$ read and write numbers up to 1000 A 1
$>$ read and write numbers to at least 1000 in numerals and words A3
- solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.
$>$ explain how I solve practical number problems A1
$>$ solve number problems and practical problems A1/A2/A3
> explain how I solve number problems A2
$>$ explain my solutions and methods to everyone in a group A3

Addition and subtraction:

- add and subtract numbers mentally, including:
a three-digit number and ones
a three-digit number and tens a three-digit number and hundreds
> add and subtract a 3 digit number and ones mentally $A 1 / C 1$
$>$ add and subtract a 3 digit number and tens mentally A2/C2
$>$ add and subtract a 3 digit number and hundreds mentally A3/C3
- add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
$>$ add and subtract numbers with up to three digits C1
$>$ add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction C2/C3
- estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
> estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverses to check my answers A2
- solve problems, including missing number problems, using numberfacts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction
$>$ solve number problems and practical problems involving these mental skills A1/A2
$>$ solve missing number problems using number facts, place value, and more complex addition \& subtraction A3
> solve a problem by writing down what calculation I should do A3
> explain how I solve practical number problems A1
> explain how I solve number problems A2
$>\quad$ share my views with others in the class and follow up their points A2
$>$ decide which of the four operations to use and why when solving simple problems C3

Multiplication and division:

- recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables
$>$ recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3 times table A1/A2
$>$ recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables A3
$>$ recognise and use related multiplication and division facts. (e.g if $2 \times 3=6$, Know that $3 \times 2=6,6 \div 3=2$ and $3=6 \div 2$ )A1
$>$ use doubling to connect the 2, 4 and 8 times table A3
- write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods
> write mathematical statements for multiplication and division C1/C2/C3
$\Rightarrow$ calculate mathematical statements for multiplication \& division using the multiplication tables that they know C1
> calculate mathematical statements for multiplication \& division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers C2
> calculate mathematical statements for multiplication \& division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental \& progressing to formal written methods C3
- solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to mobjects
> solve number problems and practical problems A1
> solve problems involving number relationships including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to $m$ objects for multiplication tables that I know C1/C2/C3
$>$ solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division $\mathrm{C} 1 / \mathrm{C} 2 / \mathrm{C} 3$
> explain how I solve practical number problems A1
$>$ decide which of the four operations to use and why when solving simple problems C1/C2/C3 solve a problem by writing down what calculation I should do A3


## Fractions

- count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
$>$ count up to one in tenths D1
$>$ count in tenths up to and down from 5 D2
$>$ count up and down in tenths D3
$>$ understand the link between tenths and dividing by 10 D1/D2
$>\quad$ understand the place value of tenths D2/D3
$>\quad$ understand the relation between finding a fraction of and division (e.g. know 'half of' is the same as 'dividing by two'D3
> recognise that tenths are made by dividing objects into 10 equal parts and by dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 D3
- recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
$>$ recognise and write fractions of a discrete set of objects for unit and non-unit fractions (less than 1) with denominators 2 and 3 D1
> recognise and write fractions of a discrete set of objects for unit and non-unit fractions (less than 1) with denominators 4 and 5 D2
$>$ recognise and write fractions of a discrete set of objects for unit and non-unit fractions (less than 1) with denominators up to 5 and show them on a number line D3
$>$ find fractions of a discrete set of objects for unit and non-unit fractions (less than 1) with denominators 2 and 3 D1
$>$ find fractions of a discrete set of objects for unit and non-unit fractions (less than 1) with denominators up to 5 D2/D3
- recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
$>$ recognise and use fractions as numbers including unit and non-unit fractions (less than 1) with denominators 2 and 3 on a number line D1
$>$ recognise and use fractions as numbers including unit and non-unit fractions (less than 1) with denominators 4 and 5 on a number line D2
- recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
$>$ begin to recognise and show equivalent fractions (for fractions with denominators up to 4) using diagrams D1
$>$ recognise and show equivalent fractions (for fractions with denominators up to 6) using diagrams D2
$>$ recognise and show equivalent fractions (for fractions with denominators up to 8) using diagrams D3
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7}+\frac{1}{7}=\frac{6}{7}$ ]
$>$ add unit fractions with the same denominator within one whole (e.g. $1 / 3+1 / 3=2 / 3$ ) D1
$>$ add fractions with the same denominator within one whole (e.g. $\frac{5}{7}+\frac{1}{7}=\frac{6}{7}$ ) D2
$>$ add and subtract unit fractions with the same denominator within one whole (e.g. $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{1}{7}=\frac{4}{7}$ ) D3
- compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators
$>$ compare and order fractions with the same denominators D1
> compare and order unit fractions D2
> compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominator D3
- solve problems that involve all of the above
> solve problems involving all the topics in this unit in different contexts including measures D1/D2/D3


## Measurement:

- measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{ml}$ )
> draw and measure straight lines in centimetres B1/E1
> measure lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ) and mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) E1
> measure lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass $(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g})$; volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) E2/E3
> compare lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ) and mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) E1
> compare lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ): mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) and volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) E2
> compare lengths, $(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm})$; mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) and recognise simple equivalents in mixed units (e.g. $5 \mathrm{~m}=500 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) E3
> add and subtract lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ) and mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) E1
> add \& subtract lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{ml}$ ) E2
> add and subtract lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) and volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) using mixed units (e.g. 1 kg and 200g)E3
> calculate scaling of measures (e.g. a given quantity or measure is twice as long or five times as high) E3
- measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes
> measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes E1/E2
- add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts
> add \& subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts E1
$>$ add \& subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£ \& p$ in practical contexts \& record using $£ \& p$ notation E2
- tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24 -hour clocks
> tell and write the time from an analogue clock and 12-hour clocks E1
> tell and write the time from an analogue clock and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks E2
> tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12 -hour and 24 -hour clocks E3
- estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight
> estimate \& read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute E1
$>$ record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clockE2
> use vocabulary such as am/pm, morning, afternoon, noon and midnight E3
- know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year
$>$ know the number of seconds in a minute E1
$>$ know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month. E2
> know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year E3
- compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks].
> compare durations of events E1
> solve problems involving measures including time, for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks E1/E2/E3


## Properties of shapes:

- draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them
> draw 2-D shapes B1
> draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials B2
> draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them B3
> describe the properties of 2-D shapes using accurate language, including lengths of lines and acute and obtuse for angles greater or lesser than a right angle B1
> describe the properties of 3-D shapes using accurate language, including lengths of lines and acute and obtuse for angles greater or less than a right angle B2
> describe the properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes using accurate language, including lengths of lines and acute and obtuse for angles greater or less than a right angle B3
> sort and classify shapes in a variety of ways by comparing their properties B1
$>$ sort and classify an increasing number of shapes in a variety of ways by comparing their properties B2
> sort and classify and increasing number of shapes in a variety of ways by comparing their properties B3
> solve problems involving the shapes in this unit B1/B2/B3
- recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn
> recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn B1/B3
> solve problems involving direction and position using the skills in this unit B1/B2/B3
- identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle
> identify right angles and recognise that two right angles make a half-turn B1
> identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn B2
> identify whetherangles are greater than or less than a right angle B3
- identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.
> identify horizontal and vertical lines B1
> identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of parallel lines B2
identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines B3


## Statistics:

- interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
> interpret data using bar charts, pictograms and tables E1
> interpret data using bar charts, pictograms and tables in an increasing range of contexts E2
> interpret data using bar charts, pictograms and tables in many contexts E3
> present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables E1
> present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables in an increasing range of contexts E2
> present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables in many contexts E3
$>\quad$ use scales to record data in charts (e.g. 2, 5 and 10 units per centimetre) in pictograms and bar charts E1/E2/E3
solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables
> solve one-step and two-step questions such as 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?' using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables E1/E2/E3

