	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5 and 6
Instruction Writing	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Simple, easy vocabulary</li> <li>Time Adverbials</li> <li>Bossy (Imperative) verbs</li> <li>Numbered points</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Simple, easy vocabulary</li> <li>Time Adverbials</li> <li>Bossy (Imperative) verbs</li> <li>Numbered points</li> <li>Written in correct order and make sense</li> <li>Use commas to separate items in a list</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Time Adverbials</li> <li>Imperative verbs</li> <li>Numbered / Bullet points</li> <li>Labelled diagrams</li> <li>Written in correct order and make sense</li> <li>Use commas to separate items in a list</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Time Adverbials</li> <li>Imperative verbs</li> <li>Numbered / Bullet points</li> <li>Labelled diagrams (GD - Labelled alongside imperatives / LA/SEN/EAL - pictoral instructions and captions)</li> <li>Written in the second person</li> <li>Written in correct order and make sense</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Time Adverbials</li> <li>Imperative verbs</li> <li>Numbered / Bullet points</li> <li>Labelled diagrams (GD)</li> <li>Written in the second person</li> <li>Written in correct order and make sense</li> <li>Adverbs</li> <li>Only necessary detail</li> <li>Appropriate vocabulary related to the subject</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Subheadings: Equipment / ingredients / instructions / method</li> <li>Time Adverbials</li> <li>Imperative verbs</li> <li>Numbered / Bullet points</li> <li>Labelled diagrams (GD)</li> <li>Adverbs</li> <li>Range of conjunctions to write longer sentences</li> <li>Written in correct order and make sense</li> </ul>

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Diary Entry	<ul> <li>Write in first person</li> <li>Retell the important events that have taken place</li> <li>Simple adjectives to describe feelings</li> <li>Written in chronological order</li> <li>Time adverbials</li> <li>Written in past tense</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write in first person</li> <li>Describe the important events that have taken place</li> <li>Emotive language</li> <li>Use exclamation sentences where appropriate (What a fantastic time we had!)</li> <li>Written in chronological order</li> <li>Time adverbials</li> <li>Informal language / chatty style</li> <li>Written in past tense</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write in first person</li> <li>Describe the important events that have taken place</li> <li>Emotive language</li> <li>Thoughts and feelings</li> <li>Written in chronological order</li> <li>Time adverbials</li> <li>Informal language / chatty style</li> <li>Written in past tense</li> <li>Include a date at the beginning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write in first person</li> <li>Describe the important events that have taken place</li> <li>Emotive language</li> <li>Thoughts and feelings</li> <li>Written in chronological order</li> <li>Time adverbials</li> <li>Informal language / chatty style</li> <li>Written in past tense</li> <li>Include a date at the beginning</li> <li>Appropriate beginning and sign off</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write in first person</li> <li>Describe the important events that have taken place</li> <li>Emotive language</li> <li>Thoughts and feelings</li> <li>Written in chronological order</li> <li>Time and fronted adverbials</li> <li>Informal language / chatty style</li> <li>Written in past tense</li> <li>Include a date at the beginning</li> <li>Appropriate</li> <li>beginning and sign off</li> <li>Paragraphs</li> <li>Commas</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write in first person</li> <li>Describe the important events that have taken place</li> <li>Emotive language</li> <li>Thoughts and feelings</li> <li>Written in chronological order</li> <li>Time and fronted adverbials</li> <li>Informal language / chatty style</li> <li>Written in past tense</li> <li>Include a date at the beginning</li> <li>Appropriate beginning and sign off</li> <li>Paragraphs</li> <li>Commas to separate subordinate clauses</li> </ul>

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5 and 6
Story Writing • Middle • End • Characte • Setting • Adjective: to describ	opening paragraph which rs describe characters and s setting	<ul> <li>Include an opening paragraph which describe characters and setting</li> <li>Include a problem or dilemma</li> <li>Describe the character's feelings and emotions</li> <li>Use of inverted commas for speech</li> <li>Include powerful adjectives, verbs and adverbs.</li> <li>Include a some synonyms, similes, metaphors and alliteration</li> <li>Write in paragraphs and include multiclause sentences</li> <li>Use coordinating conjunctions to link two main ideas</li> <li>Use noun phrases which add detail to description</li> <li>Use the progressive</li> <li>form for verbs (Goldilocks was walking through the woods)</li> <li>Use exclamation sentences where appropriate (What big eyes you have, Grandma!)</li> <li>Use nouns and pronouns for clarity and cohesion</li> <li>Begin to use inverted commas to mark direct speech where appropriate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Planning Stage - Story Map / Boxed up</li> <li>Interesting start which hooks the reader</li> <li>Include an opening paragraph which describe characters and setting</li> <li>Include a build up to a problem which increases tension.</li> <li>Include a problem or dilemma</li> <li>Describe the character's feelings and emotions</li> <li>Include speech to move the events of the story forward.</li> <li>Use of inverted commas for speech</li> <li>Include powerful adjectives, verbs and adverbs.</li> <li>Include a range of synonyms, similes, metaphors and alliteration</li> <li>Write in paragraphs and include multiclause sentences</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials to show how / when an event occurs</li> <li>Use nouns and pronouns for clarity and cohesion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Include 4 paragraphs</li> <li>introduces the argument</li> <li>the argument from one point of view</li> <li>the argument from the other point of view</li> <li>the most important argument which gives your opinion.</li> <li>Balanced conclusion</li> <li>Persuasive sentence starters</li> <li>Generalisers</li> <li>Written in 3<sup>rd</sup> person</li> <li>Include conjunctions to link sentences together</li> <li>Include phrases of debate</li> <li>Include technical vocabulary including facts.</li> <li>Use modal verbs to convey degrees of probability</li> <li>Use of relative clauses to provide supporting detail</li> <li>Use adverbials to provide cohesion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Include 4 paragraphs</li> <li>introduces the argument</li> <li>the argument from one point of view</li> <li>the argument from the other point of view</li> <li>the most important argument which gives your opinion.</li> <li>Balanced conclusion</li> <li>Persuasive sentence starters</li> <li>Generalisers</li> <li>Written in 3<sup>rd</sup> person</li> <li>Include conjunctions to link sentences together</li> <li>Include phrases of debate</li> <li>Include technical vocabulary including facts.</li> <li>Use modal verbs to convey degrees of probability</li> <li>Use of relative clauses to provide supporting detail</li> <li>Use adverbials to provide cohesion</li> </ul>

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Informal Letter	<ul> <li>Senders address at the top right</li> <li>Dear</li> <li>Chatty language</li> <li>Informal ending – from, Best Wishes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Senders address at the top right</li> <li>Dear</li> <li>Write a greeting</li> <li>Chatty language</li> <li>Write details</li> <li>Informal ending – from, Best Wishes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Senders address at the top right</li> <li>Dear</li> <li>Write a greeting</li> <li>Chatty language</li> <li>Write details</li> <li>Informal ending – from, Best Wishes</li> <li>Use question marks and exclamation marks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Senders address at the top right</li> <li>Date under the address</li> <li>Dear</li> <li>Write a greeting</li> <li>Chatty, friendly language</li> <li>Ask questions</li> <li>Write details</li> <li>Informal ending – from, Best Wishes</li> <li>Use question marks and exclamation marks</li> <li>Use paragraphs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Senders address at the top right</li> <li>Date under the address</li> <li>Dear</li> <li>Write a greeting</li> <li>Informal language</li> <li>Ask questions</li> <li>Write details</li> <li>Informal ending – from, Best Wishes</li> <li>Use question marks and exclamation marks</li> <li>Use paragraphs</li> </ul>

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5 and 6
Non Chronological Report	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Opening sentence that explains what the report is about</li> <li>Picture / diagram</li> <li>Sentences linked to the pictures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Written in the present tense and the third person.</li> <li>Use coordinating conjunctions to link two main ideas.</li> <li>Use subordinating conjunctions in the middle of sentences.</li> <li>Information which is factual and accurate.</li> <li>Pictures / diagrams</li> <li>Subheadings</li> <li>Technical vocabulary</li> <li>Use noun phrases which inform</li> <li>Use apostrophes to mark possession</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Appropriate use of past and present tense</li> <li>Paragraphs used to group related ideas.</li> <li>Subheadings to label content</li> <li>Opening paragraph that explains what the report is about.</li> <li>Written in the present tense and the third person.</li> <li>Use coordinating conjunctions to link two main ideas.</li> <li>Use subordinating conjunctions in the middle of sentences.</li> <li>Information which is factual and accurate.</li> <li>Pictures / diagrams</li> <li>Use apostrophes to mark possession</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Paragraphs used to group related ideas.</li> <li>Subheadings to label content</li> <li>Opening paragraph that explains what the report is about.</li> <li>Written in the present tense and the third person.</li> <li>Range of adverbials and conjunctions</li> <li>Technical vocabulary.</li> <li>Information which is factual and accurate.</li> <li>Pictures / diagrams</li> <li>Use of subordinating conjunctions to join clauses, including as openers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Paragraphs used to group related ideas.</li> <li>Subheadings to label content</li> <li>Opening paragraph that explains what the report is about.</li> <li>Written in the appropriate tense and the third person.</li> <li>Range of adverbials and conjunctions .</li> <li>Technical vocabulary.</li> <li>Information which is factual and accurate.</li> <li>Pictures / diagrams</li> <li>Use of subordinating conjunctions to join clauses, including as openers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>Paragraphs used to group related ideas.</li> <li>Subheadings to label content</li> <li>Opening paragraph that explains what the report is about.</li> <li>Written in the appropriate tense and the third person.</li> <li>Range of adverbials and conjunctions .</li> <li>Technical vocabulary.</li> <li>Modal verbs</li> <li>Information which is factual and accurate.</li> <li>Pictures / diagrams</li> <li>Use of subordinating conjunctions to join clauses, including as openers</li> <li>Formal style sometimes using the passive voice</li> </ul>

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Recount Checklist	<ul> <li>Time adverbials (first, next, after, later</li> <li>First person</li> <li>Describe clearly what has happened</li> <li>Chronological order.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Who, what, when, where and why in a few sentences.</li> <li>Time adverbials (first, firstly, next, after, later</li> <li>Written in the past tense</li> <li>First person.</li> <li>Chronological order.</li> <li>Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>An introduction which answers who, what, when, where and why.</li> <li>time adverbials (first, firstly, next, after, later)</li> <li>Written in the past tense.</li> <li>First person.</li> <li>Describe clearly what has happened.</li> <li>Chronological order.</li> <li>Use exclamation sentences where appropriate</li> <li>Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>An introduction which answers who, what, when, where and why.</li> <li>time adverbials</li> <li>Written in the past tense.</li> <li>First person.</li> <li>Describe clearly what has happened.</li> <li>Chronological order.</li> <li>Begin to use present perfect tense to place events in time (This week we have visited the Science Museum)</li> <li>Use relative clauses to add further detail (we went to Downing Street, where the Prime Minister lives, before visiting the Houses of Parliament)</li> <li>End the recount with a closing statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>An introduction which answers who, what, when, where and why.</li> <li>time adverbials and other appropriate adverbials</li> <li>Written in the past tense.</li> <li>First person.</li> <li>Describe clearly what has happened.</li> <li>Chronological order.</li> <li>Begin to use present perfect tense to place events in time (This week we have visited the Science Museum)</li> <li>Use relative clauses to add further detail (we went to Downing Street, where the Prime Minister lives, before visiting the Houses of Parliament)</li> <li>End the recount with a closing statement</li> </ul>

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5 and 6
Advert	<ul> <li>Include a snappy slogan to make the product sound interesting or exciting.</li> <li>Describe the benefits of the product fully</li> <li>Include persuasive language - exaggerate to make the product sound appealing</li> <li>Use of 2<sup>nd</sup> person</li> <li>Include noun phrases to add detail and adjectives for positive description</li> <li>Use imperative verbs to convey urgency (Buy it today! Listen very carefully)</li> <li>Use rhetorical questions to engage the reader</li> <li>Include informative diagram or picture.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Include a snappy slogan to make the product sound interesting or exciting.</li> <li>Describe the benefits of the product fully - specific and key information</li> <li>Include persuasive language -exaggerate to make the product sound appealing</li> <li>Use of 2<sup>nd</sup> person</li> <li>Include noun phrases to add detail and adjectives for positive description</li> <li>Use imperative verbs to convey urgency (Buy it today! Listen very carefully)</li> <li>Use rhetorical questions to engage the reader</li> <li>Include informative diagram or picture</li> <li>Price (if selling something)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Include a snappy slogan to make the product sound interesting or exciting.</li> <li>Use of Alliteration</li> <li>Describe the benefits of the product fully – specific and key information</li> </ul>

	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Newspaper writing checklist	<ul> <li>Catchy headline which may include a pun or alliteration.</li> <li>Write in the past tense and the third person.</li> <li>Chronological order.</li> <li>Orientation - opening paragraph which answers the questions who, what, when and where.</li> <li>Paragraphs which answer the questions why and how.</li> <li>Reorientation - final paragraph which looks ahead to the future.</li> <li>Quotes from eye witness / key person in the report.</li> <li>A picture with a caption.</li> <li>Include emotive and descriptive language.</li> <li>Direct and indirect speech - inverted commas where appropriate</li> <li>Use of relative clauses</li> <li>Use of subordinating conjunctions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Catchy headline which may include a pun or alliteration.</li> <li>Write in the past tense and the third person.</li> <li>Chronological order.</li> <li>Orientation - opening paragraph which answers the questions who, what, when and where.</li> <li>Paragraphs which answer the questions why and how.</li> <li>Reorientation - final paragraph which looks ahead to the future.</li> <li>Quotes from eye withess / key person in the report.</li> <li>A picture with a caption.</li> <li>Include unbiased and descriptive language.</li> <li>Direct and indirect speech - inverted commas where appropriate</li> <li>Use of relative clauses</li> <li>Use of subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Picture with a caption</li> </ul>

	Year 2	Year 3 / 4 / 5 / 6
Checklist for persuasive writing	<ul> <li>Persuasive texts come in many different forms. Some include advertisements, letters, debates, articles and reports.</li> <li>Their main purpose is to persuade the reader to see an argument from their point of view and change their mind, buy or support something.</li> <li>An introductory paragraph that states the argument</li> <li>Words like</li> <li>Some believe that</li> <li>In my opinion</li> <li>Therefore</li> <li>For this reason</li> <li>I feel that</li> <li>I am sure that</li> <li>Secondly</li> <li>Points out the arguments for and against</li> <li>Facts and statistics</li> <li>Has facts that support the evidence given</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Persuasive texts come in many different forms. Some include advertisements, letters, debates, articles and reports.</li> <li>Their main purpose is to persuade the reader to see an argument from their point of view and change their mind, buy or support something.</li> <li>An introductory paragraph that states the argument</li> <li>Words like</li> <li>Some believe that</li> <li>In my opinion</li> <li>Therefore</li> <li>Moreover</li> <li>For this reason</li> <li>I feel that</li> <li>Surely</li> <li>I am sure that</li> <li>Firstly</li> <li>Secondly</li> <li>Each paragraph states a reason or opinion and then is followed by 2 or 3 pieces of evidence to support it.</li> <li>Points out the for and against</li> <li>Facts and statistics</li> <li>Has facts that support the evidence given</li> <li>Rhetorical Questions - Ask the reader questions that encourages them to think</li> <li>A strong concluding paragraph that sums up the main argument</li> </ul>

	Year 5 and 6	
Balanced Argument	<ul> <li>Include 4 paragraphs</li> <li>introduces the argument</li> <li>the argument from one point of view</li> <li>the argument from the other point of view</li> <li>the most important argument which gives your opinion</li> <li>Balanced conclusion</li> <li>Persuasive sentence starters</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Generalisers</li> <li>Written in 3<sup>rd</sup> person</li> <li>Include conjunctions to link sentences together</li> <li>Include phrases of debate</li> <li>Include technical vocabulary including facts.</li> <li>Use modal verbs to convey degrees of probability</li> <li>Use of relative clauses to provide supporting detail</li> <li>Use adverbials to provide cohesion</li> </ul>
Formal Letter	<ul> <li>Your address at the top of the right hand side of the page.</li> <li>Their address on the left hand side of the page.</li> <li>The date on the right hand side of the page, underneath your address.</li> <li>Dear Sir/Madam or Dear Mr/Miss/Mrs</li> <li>Paragraph to explain why you are writing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Paragraph to explain the problem</li> <li>Paragraph to say what you want them to do about it</li> <li>Concluding paragraph</li> <li>Yours faithfully / Sincerely followed by your name</li> <li>Use of adverbials to convey sense of certainty (Surely we can agree?)</li> <li>Use of short sentences to emphasis</li> <li>Use of the subjunctive form for formal structure (If I were you, I would)</li> </ul>
Poem Review	<ul> <li>How do you feel about the poem?</li> <li>The mental pictures you get from the poem</li> <li>Is poem a narrative poem - that is, a poem that tells a story?</li> <li>Have you noticed any pattern in the way the verses are written?</li> <li>How is repetition used? Do any lines repeat themselves - where and why?</li> <li>The rhyme, including internal rhyme</li> <li>The sound and rhythm - how does it make you feel?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Are there any similes, metaphors, word play?</li> <li>Which words suggest this is not a modern poem?</li> <li>Which words suggest this is a modern poem?</li> <li>Which of the poems do you like best and why?</li> <li>Explain your reasons carefully, copying out some of your favourite words and phrases and saying why you like them.</li> <li>Begin to use passive voice to maintain impersonal tone</li> <li>Use relative clauses to provide cohesion across the text</li> <li>Use expanded noun phrases.</li> </ul>

	Key Stage 1	LKS2
<u>Punctuation and</u> <u>Grammar</u>	<ul> <li>Writing to entertain (Stories, descriptions, poetry and incharacter /role)</li> <li>Past and present tense</li> <li>Coordinating conjunctions – and, but, so, or, when</li> <li>Noun phrases</li> <li>Progressive form for verbs</li> <li>Exclamation sentences</li> <li>Adverbials – first, then, next, after, later, the next day.,.</li> <li>Finger spaces</li> <li>Capital letters and full stops</li> <li>Capital letter for first person 'l'</li> <li>Apostrophes to mark contractions</li> <li>Exclamation marks</li> <li>Begin to use inverted commas to mark direct speech</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Writing to entertain (Stories, descriptions, poetry and characters / settings)</li> <li>Use of paragraphs to organise in time sequence</li> <li>Fronted adverbials to show how / when an event occurs.</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Subordinate clauses to add detail or context</li> <li>Nouns and pronouns for clarity and cohesion</li> <li>Conjunctions</li> <li>Use of full punctuation for direct speech, including punctuation within and before inverted commas.</li> <li>Secure use of apostrophes for possession</li> <li>Use of commas after fronted adverbials and subordinate clauses</li> <li>Begin to use dashes for emphasis</li> </ul>
	Key Stage 1	UKS2
	<ul> <li>Writing to inform (Recount, Letter, instructions)</li> <li>Appropriate use of past and present tense</li> <li>Use of coordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Use of subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Use of noun phrases which inform</li> <li>Use of commas to separate items in a list</li> <li>Use exclamation sentences where appropriate</li> <li>Use of finger spaces</li> <li>Use of questions mark</li> <li>Use apostrophes to mark possession</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Writing to entertain (Narrative, descriptions, poetry and characters / settings)</li> <li>Use of paragraphs to organise in time sequence</li> <li>Subordinate clauses to add detail or context</li> <li>Use relative clauses to add detain or context</li> <li>Use a wide range of sentence structures to add interest.</li> <li>Adverb ials</li> <li>Conjunctions</li> <li>Use brackets for incidentals</li> <li>Use colons to add further detail in a new clause</li> <li>Use semi – colons to join related clauses.</li> </ul>

	LKS2	LKS2
	Writing to inform (Explanation, Recount, Letter, Biogrpahy, Newspaper article, instructions)	Writing to inform (Report, Explanation, Recount, Letter, Biogrpahy, Newspaper article, instructions)
<u>Punctuation and</u> <u>Grammar</u>	<ul> <li>Subheadings to label content</li> <li>Paragraphs used to group related ideas</li> <li>Use subordinating conjunctions to join clauses, including as openers</li> <li>Use expanded noun phrases to inform</li> <li>Use commas to separate adjectives in a list</li> <li>Use relative clauses to add further detail</li> <li>Begin to use present perfect tense to place events in time.</li> <li>Use commas to mark fronted adverbials and subordinate clauses</li> <li>Use inverted commas for direct speech</li> <li>Use bullet points to list items.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Headings / Subheadings</li> <li>Use of technical vocabulary</li> <li>Paragraphs used to group related ideas</li> <li>Use subordinating conjunctions in varied positions</li> <li>Use expanded noun phrases to inform</li> <li>Use relative clauses to add further detail.</li> <li>Begin to use passive voice to remain formal and detached</li> <li>Begin to use colons to link related clauses.</li> <li>Use brackets or dashes to explain technical vocabulary and to mark relative clauses.</li> <li>Use semi - colons to punctuate complex lists,</li> <li>Use colons to introduce lists or sections</li> <li>Secure use of commas to mark clauses, including subordinating clauses</li> <li>Begin to use colons and semi - colons to mark clauses.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Writing to persuade (Advertising, letter, speech, poster)</li> <li>Use of 2<sup>nd</sup> person</li> <li>Facts and statistics</li> <li>Adjectives for positive description</li> <li>Imperative verbs to convey urgency</li> <li>Rhetorical questions to engage the reader</li> <li>Noun phrases to add detail and description</li> <li>Relative clauses to provide additional enticement</li> <li>Capital letters for proper nouns</li> <li>Use commas to mark relative clauses, fronted adverbials and subordinate clauses.</li> </ul>	

	UKS2
<u>Punctuation and Grammar</u>	<ul> <li>Writing to persuade (Advertising, letter, speech, poster, campaign)</li> <li>Use of 2<sup>nd</sup> person</li> <li>Personal pronouns</li> <li>Hyperbole</li> <li>Imperative and modal verbs to convey urgency</li> <li>Facts and statistics</li> <li>Adverbials to convey sense of certainty</li> <li>Short sentences for emphasis</li> <li>Use of the subjunctive form for formal structure.</li> <li>Colons and semi-colons to list features, attractions or arguments</li> <li>Brackets or dashes for parenthesis, including for emphasis</li> <li>Use semi-colons for structure repetition</li> </ul>
	Writing to discuss (Balanced argument, newspaper article, a review)         • Appropriate use of cohesive devices         • Use of subjunctive form where needed         • Use of paragraphs         • Maintain formal / impersonal tone         • Modal verbs to convey degrees of probability         • Relative clauses to provide supporting detail         • Adverbials to provide cohesion across the text         • Expanded noun phrases to describe in detail         • Passive voice to maintain impersonal tone         • Brackets or dashes for parenthesis, including for emphasis         • Use semi-colons for to mark related clauses         • Use colons and semi-colons to punctuate complex lists

Year 3	Key Stage 2	Key Stage 2
Explanation Checklist	Biography Checklist	Play Script Checklist
<ul> <li>Technical Vocabulary</li> <li>Subordinating conjunctions as well as casual conjunctions (so, because, when)</li> <li>Paragraphs to group related ideas</li> <li>present tense</li> <li>Start each page with a question</li> <li>Sub headings</li> <li>Labelled diagrams or pictures</li> <li>A contents page</li> <li>A glossary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Opening statement introduces the subject, and explains why he/she is known</li> <li>Significant events are ordered chronologically</li> <li>Closing statement explains how this person will be remembered, and sometimes gives the writer's opinion</li> <li>Use of rhetorical questioning</li> <li>Refers to named individuals</li> <li>Contains dates linked to specific events</li> <li>Written in the past tense</li> <li>Can include direct and indirect speech and quotes from other sources</li> <li>Written in 3<sup>rd</sup> person</li> <li>Includes time adverbials to link ideas</li> <li>Use subordinating conjunctions to join clauses,</li> <li>Use commas to mark fronted adverbials and to mark subordinate clauses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set the scene</li> <li>List the characters at the beginning</li> <li>Introduced and described the scene</li> <li>Characters' names are written on the left</li> <li>Characters' names have a colon after them</li> <li>A new line for every new speaker</li> <li>Stage directions are in brackets ()</li> <li>Stage directions for how the actor must speak</li> <li>Stage directions for how the actors must move</li> <li>Every time the setting changes (changes place or time), start a new scene</li> <li>Set out the dialogue as direct speech without speech marks</li> <li>Include interesting and dramatic events.</li> </ul>