### 1. What were some of the earliest types of transport?

The History of Transport

2. What are some of the most modern types of transport?

Walking was the main method of transportation until humans domesticated, or tamed, animals. Camels, horses, and cattle then carried goods and people. More than 5,000 years ago, people invented the wheel. This allowed animals to pull carts. Ancient people also travelled by water, at first with simple dugout canoes and rafts.

George Stephenso Brothers Gagarin Significant People

Wright Yuri Neil Armstrong

Today, there are many different types of vehicles including carriages, trams, trains, cars, bicycles, balloons, planes, ships, boats, airships, space-rockets, and yachts.

# 3. Who is George Stephenson and what is he well known for?

George Stephenson invented the first passenger Locomotive (train) in 1825. This train would revolutionise the way that people could travel on the railways and would put Britain as a world leader in terms of developing train travel for many decades to come.

# 4. Who are the Wright brothers and what are they well known for?

The Wright brothers, **Orville and Wilbur**, were two American brothers, inventors and aviation pioneers who invented and built the world's first successful airplane and made the first controlled, powered and sustained heavier-than-air human flight, on December 17, 1903. Today, the Wright brothers are considered the fathers of modern aviation.

#### First Omnihus Horse and **Hot Air 'Hohhy Passenger** Canoe Wheel **Galley Ship** (long,horse-Balloon Horse' Carriage Locomotive drawn vehicles **8000BC** 3500BC 2 1500BC 1783 1825 Gas Underground **Penny** Moon Glider **Powered** Aeroplane **Boeing Jet** Rocket Railway **Farthing** Landing Car 1863 1886 1961 1903

#### 5. How has transport technology developed over time?

The invention of the steam engine in the 1700s was an important event in transportation history. Steampowered boats could easily travel upriver. Steampowered ships could cross oceans without wind. On land, inventors used steam engines to power locomotives. This led to the growth of railroads. By 1869 a railroad ran across the United States, and steamships regularly crossed the Atlantic Ocean. Trips that had taken weeks now took days.

The late 1800s saw the first successful bicycles and automobiles. They made quick and easy transportation available to more people than ever before

In 1903 Wilbur and Orville Wright flew the world's first airplane. The invention of the jet engine in the 1940s made air travel the fastest transportation in history.

Key Words			
past	already happened	astronaut	someone who travels in space
passengers	people who travel on a vehicle	coal	a black rock that you burn as fuel
petrol	liquid fuel for cars	carriage	a part of a train that carries passengers
present	happening now	congestion	lots of traffic
propellers	blades that spin round on boats and planes	engine	a machine with moving parts that powers something
route	the way from one place to another	glider	an aircraft without an engine
steam powered	gets power from the heat of steam	gravity	the force that pulls you to the centre of the Earth
technology	new machinery and equipment	invention	something new
traffic	vehicles together on a public road	jet	aeroplane powered by a jet engine
transport	to take people or goods from one place to another	journey	travelling from one place to another
travel	make a journey	locomotive	the first steam trains
underground	railway below the floor	mode	a type of (e.g. a type of transport)
vehicle	a thing used for transporting people or goods	modern	from the present
wind powered	gets power from the wind	omnibus	the first buses, meaning 'for all'